Health Literacy: Lesson Plan on Health Information and the Internet

Unit Overview

Instructor/Program:		Course/Setting:	
NRS Level(s): Low Intermediate ESL (NRS ESL Level 4) Length of Unit (estimated hours/days): 6 hours		Unit Theme: Health Information and the Internet	
Content Area:		Main Standards Addressed:	
□ Civics Education	☑ Digital Literacy	CCR Level B:	
Workforce Preparation	☑ Health Literacy	R1: Ask and answer questions about a text.	
☐ Financial Literacy		R7: Use information from illustrations.	
NOTES on Content Area:		R10: Read and comprehend a complex informative text at appropriate level.	
		W2: Write an informative text.	
		W6: Use technology to write and to collaborate with others.	
		ELPS Level 3:	
		ELPS 1: Read for main ideas and details; summarize.	
		ELPS 2: Exchange information, ideas, and analyses.	
		ELPS 3: Create oral presentations; write informational texts.	
		ELPS 4: Construct a claim and provide reasons.	
		ELPS 5: Research and share findings.	
		Additional Standards: N/A	



Teaching Skills That

Matter

曍

8

		1
Rationale for This Unit (Why is this unit important to my students?):		This Unit (Check the skills that are most
This lesson gives learners the tools—use of the internet—to search for and find accurate and reliable health information to answer health	<i>emphasized in this unit):</i> ☑ Critical thinking	☑ Navigating systems
questions that are immediately relevant and of concern to them.	Communication	Adaptability and willingness to learn
Unit Objective(s) (What will my students be able to do at the end of this unit?):	 Processing and analyzing information 	☑ Respecting differences and diversity
• Think critically about how behavior and the environment affect health.	□ Interpersonal skills	☑ Self-awareness
Evaluate health websites for accuracy and reliability.	☑ Problem solving	
• Access high-quality health websites for information on a real-life health concern and communicate findings.	NOTES on Central Skills (I and/or practiced):	Items underlined are explicitly taught
Line of Inquiry (LOI) (<i>What essential question(s) form the thread that holds this unit together?</i>):		vhat makes a source reliable and how to d contrast two health websites, one
How can I use the internet to find accurate and reliable health information for myself and my family?	reliable and one not; evaluate the trustworthiness of a website checklist	
		w we access health information; work ias, accurate, and reliable; work in pairs
	at computers to explore a he	ealth website; pair and work in teams
		uture lessons within this unit, the students th concern, find reliable information, and d in writing)
	content to determine its trus within this unit, the students	nformation: <u>Analyze a health website's</u> <u>tworthiness</u> (NOTE: In future lessons will research a real-life health concern, d present it to peers orally and in writing)
		Diversity: <u>Listen respectfully to and</u> onses to how they access health
	Problem Solving: Address te using internet for research	echnology issues throughout unit while
	Self-Awareness: Reflect on	tasks at the end of each lesson



Common student misconceptions/misunderstandings that may interfere with learning:

- Only doctors can be a source of health information.
- All health information you find on the internet is accurate and trustworthy.



Lesson Planning Template

Standard(s)	ELA/Mathematics/ELP:	
Indicate which standards from the unit are targeted in this specific lesson.	CCR Level B: R1: Ask and answer questions about a text. W6: Use technology to collaborate with others. ELPS Level 3: ELPS 2: Exchange information, ideas, and analyses. ELPS 3: Create oral presentations; write informational texts. ELPS 4: Construct a claim and provide reasons. ELPS 5: Research and share findings.	
Lesson as Part of the Unit Instructional Objective(s) and Learning Target Statements	Where does this lesson fall within the unit? ☑ beginning □ mide Instructional Objective: By the end of this lesson, the students will be able to:	lle □ end Learning Target Statements (for learners' exit tickets, learning logs, or reflection):
The former are written in teacher language, are largely derived from content standards, and include evidence of mastery. The latter are written in student- friendly language and help learners reflect on what they are able to do as a result of the lesson.	 Discuss how to get health information. Explore websites and evaluate them for accuracy and reliability using a checklist. 	I can share how I get information on health issues. I can decide if a health website is trustworthy.



Assessing Mastery of the Objective(s) Indicate when and how assessment will occur during the lesson—formative and/or summative.	Proof of Learning:	Ongoing Formative Assessment:
	☑ Via observation of a team task (e.g., discussion, work on project)	Nonverbal responses to comprehension questions (e.g., answer cards, Kahoot)
	 □ Via team self-assessment □ Via individual self-assessment ☑ Via team product □ Via individual product □ Other Proof-of-Learning Tools: 	 □ Peer-to-peer quizzing (e.g., Quiz Quiz and Trade) ☑ Exit/admit tickets □ KWL charts □ Other
	☑ Rubric □ Checklist □ Quiz □ Other	
Language Demands	Stating an opinion and supporting it with evidence. (I think this we	ebsite is reliable because)
Include academic language and any language that may affect a student's ability to access the content in directions, examples, tasks, etc.	Politely disagreeing (I don't agree that it's trustworthy for two reasons I wonder if you've considered Describing confidence/uncertainty and posing questions (I'm not sure about this site. Is there a public date for this information? This site appears trustworthy because it is)	
Adaptations and/or Accommodations	Beginner: Work with a classroom volunteer, more advanced	Materials
How will every student have access to the content of the lesson? Identify differentiation strategies and consider misconceptions from the unit plan.	learner, or computer lab assistant to offer a prelesson on digital literacy basics and the computer lab. Advanced: Have the students work more independently and at a faster pace and extend the lesson by having them search the MedlinePlus website for information on a health topic of their choice.	 Computer lab with live access to the internet Computer with projector and screen for teacher demonstrations Health Information Websites handout (Appendix A) Checklist to Evaluate Websites handout (Appendix B)



Introduction How will you introduce the lesson objective, how does it fit into the unit/LOI, and how will you identify its relevance	Before the lesson: Visit the websites listed on the student handout Health Information Websites (Appendix A) and familiarize yourself with these sites. Display the MedlinePlus website on the screen. On the board, write the words <i>accurate</i> , <i>bias</i> , and <i>reliable</i> for future reference.	
to learners' needs and goals Time: 20 minutes	When the students arrive: Have the students sit at a computer station in pairs. Be sure at least one person in the pair is experienced in basic computer use and internet searches.	
	Warm-up: Ask the students where they get health information? Do they ask their family and friends? Do they ask their doctors or other health care providers? Do they search the internet? Have the students talk in pairs at first and then elicit several responses in the whole group. Take care to promote an atmosphere of acceptance and respect, as these are culturally bound questions.	
	Vocabulary: Emphasize that internet health websites are an important resource for health information. Ask the students how they know the health information they find on the internet is accurate and reliable? Have the students define the terms <i>accurate</i> (correct) and <i>reliable</i> (trustworthy). Add the word <i>bias</i> . Ask student how they know if a website is biased? Have the students define the term <i>bias</i> (opinion or point of view). Refer to the words on the board and define them for the students using clear examples.	
	Central Skills: <u>Critical Thinking, Communication, Respecting</u> <u>Differences and Diversity</u>	



Explanation and Modeling What type of direct instruction do learners need? Are there ways for learners to access the new content on their own? When and what types of models will you provide? Time: 30 minutes	 Refer the students to the MedlinePlus website. Tell them that this is an example of an accurate and reliable health information website. Walk them through the website, pointing out things that show that it is reliable and accurate (who it is created by, date last updated, the purpose of the website, etc.). Then go to the Natural News website (http://www.naturalnews.com/). Ask the students to point out what they notice is different between it and the first site. Tell them that this is an example of an inaccurate and unreliable health information website. Walk them through the website and point out how difficult it is to find answers to the same questions. Ask the students what they should look for on a website to determine if the information is accurate and reliable. Have the pairs of students brainstorm a list, then have each pair share with the group. Write the responses on a whiteboard for all to see. Title the list "Checklist to Evaluate Websites." Place a star next to ideas suggested by more than one group. Add the following questions if no one suggests them: Who created the website last updated? Is the information current? Is the website user-friendly? Is it easy to read and understand? What is the purpose of the website? Is the information biased in any way? Connect to the previous vocabulary work defining <i>bias</i>, <i>accurate</i>, <i>reliable</i> to solidify understanding of these terms. Give each student a copy of the student handout Checklist to Evaluate Websites to the list the students brainstormed. In pairs, have the students review this list and compare it to the class-generated list. What's new? What's missing? What's unclear? 	 Computer lab with live access to the internet Computer with projector and screen for teacher demonstrations Checklist to Evaluate Websites handout (Appendix B)
--	---	---



Guided Practice Which tasks and learning activities will you use to engage learners with the content and skills? How will you structure the tasks or other learning activities to support learners' success? Time: 20 minutes	In the group as a whole, respond to any lingering questions and comments about the website evaluation criteria. Central Skills: <u>Critical Thinking, Communication</u> Have the students practice what they learned. Have the students go to the MedlinePlus Website <u>https://www.medlineplus.gov</u> . They can either type the URL or name of the website into the search box. Check to be sure everyone is on the correct website before proceeding. Tell the students that although you told them that this website is accurate and reliable, it is important for them to check for themselves. Have pairs answer the questions on the Checklist to Evaluate Websites to assess the website's accuracy and reliability and then have them summarize their findings. Have the pairs report their answer to each question to the whole group. Central Skills: <u>Communication, Processing and& Analyzing Information, Critical Thinking</u>	 Computer lab with live access to the internet Computer with projector and screen for teacher demonstrations Checklist to Evaluate Websites (Appendix B)
Application/Extended Practice What will learners do to demonstrate their acquisition of content knowledge, basic skills, and key soft skills? Time: Flexible but at least 10 minutes for pairs to explore one site with checklist	Provide the students with a list of other health information websites. These might include National Institutes of Health (https://health.nih.gov/), Mayo Clinic (http://www.mayoclinic.com/), WebMD (https://www.webmd.com/), Talk International (http://www.talkinternational.com/), and Doctor Yourself (http://doctoryourself.com/). Working in pairs, the students should navigate to one or more of these sites and assess their accuracy and reliability. Provide a blank checklist to guide their work. Central Skills: Communication, Processing and Analyzing Information, Critical Thinking	 Computer lab with live access to the internet Checklist to Evaluate Websites handout (Appendix B)



	 Have student pairs share about one website they looked at. Have them answer these questions: Did you find a website you trust? What makes you say that? Give 2 or 3 reasons. 	
Time: Amount needed to allow each pair to share for 2–3 minutes	 What's something that surprised you? What's something that is confusing? Central Skills: <u>Self-Awareness</u> 	



Appendix A. Health Information Websites

Use the Checklist to Evaluation Websites to be sure these health information websites are accurate (correct) and reliability (trustworthy).

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
 - www.cdc.gov

Provides health information on many topics, including diseases and conditions, healthy living, environmental health, and workplace health

HealthFinder

www.healthfinder.gov

Includes health information on a large variety of health topics, online tools and quizzes, and advice on where to finding health services and health insurance.

KidHealth

www.kidshealth.org

Provides health information for kids, teens, and parents and offers opportunities to learn about basic anatomy, look up specific illnesses, and play health games

MedlinePlus

www.medlineplus.gov

Offers easy-to-read health information in English and other languages (full site is available in Spanish)



Appendix B. Checklist to Evaluate Websites

Use this checklist to evaluate health information websites. If you check yes on all of the questions, the website is accurate (correct) and reliable (trustworthy).

□ Yes □ No	Is the website easy to read and use?
□ Yes □ No	Is the website from an organization you trust?
□ Yes □ No	Has the website been updated in the past year?
□ Yes □ No	Is the purpose of the website clear?
□ Yes □ No	Is the information on the website biased?
□ Yes □ No	Is the information correct and error-free?

